HISTORY OF MAMPEC

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Content

- MAMPEC short history
- Processes addressed
- New features version 3.0
- Ballast water scenario
- Status and future work





Use of MAMPEC by Regulatory Authorities

- US- EPA
- EU
- Japan
- China
- New Zealand

Deltares

IMO – Ballast water substances



Brief History of MAMPEC

- 1996-1999 commissioned by CEPE Antifouling Working Group as part of EU project "Utilisation of more environmental friendly antifouling products" (96/559/3040/DEB/E2)
- Steering committee: EC, MS, Industry, IMO
- Model upgrades commissioned by CEPE: 2002 (v 1.4) and 2005 (v 1.6), 2006 (v.1.6.03), 2008 (v2.0/2.5), 2010 (v3.0)
- Model referenced in the EU-OECD Emission Scenario Document for A/F paints PT-21 (2004)
- Reviewed in EU for the BPD 2004 to date



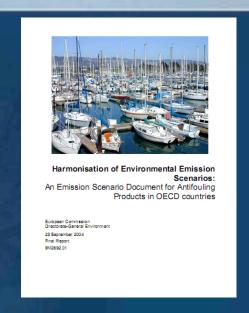
MAMPEC-BW (2010) for ballast water exp. assessment





OECD Exposure assessment

- Emissions: ESD Document
- Service life
 - Application, maint. & repair, removal
- Estimation of leaching rate
 - ASTM / ISO
 - In-situ Dome method
 - ISO mass balance
 - **—** ...
- Exposure modelling (PEC):
 - MAMPEC
 - REMA (HSE UK)

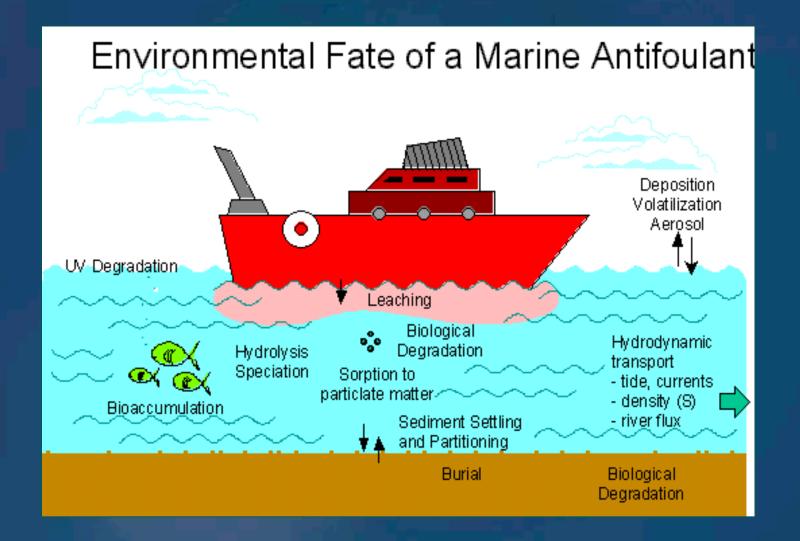








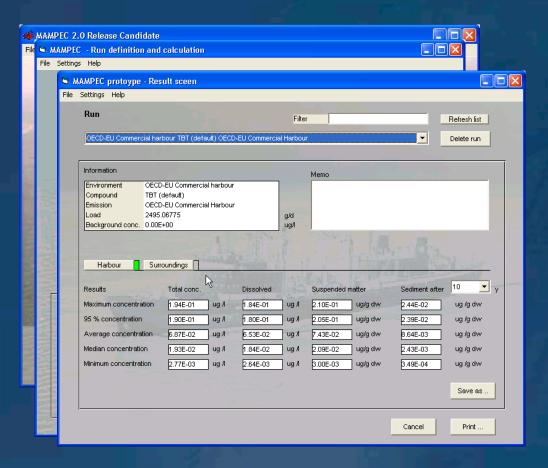
MAMPEC - fate and exposure / main factors







General structure of MAMPEC – workflow v1.0-2.5



Main input:

- Environmental settings
- Biocide properties
- Emission estimation module

Output:

PECs water and sediment





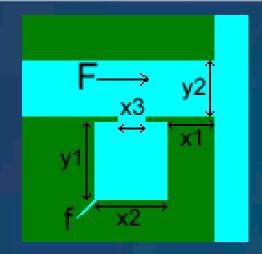
Main Input Data

- Main input data:
- Environmental settings
 - Marinas
 - Harbours
 - Shipping lanes
- Biocide properties
 - Phys-chem data
 - Environmental fate
- Emission estimation module
 - Number of boats size, submerged surface area
 - Leaching rate

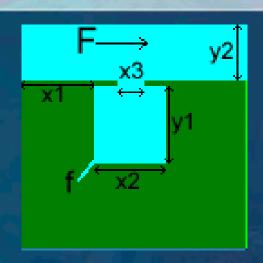




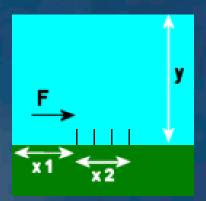
Examples of prototype environmental scenarios



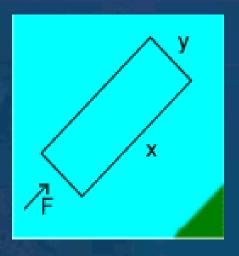
1 Commercial harbour Estuarine harbour



3 Marina



5 Open harbour



4 Shipping lane Open sea



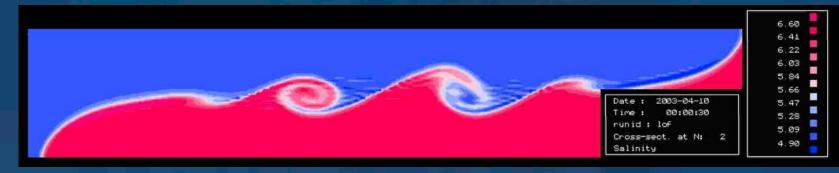


Hydrodynamic exchange in MAMPEC

1. Tide

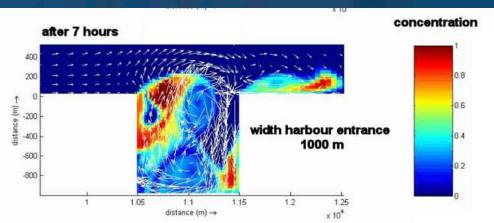


2. Salinity difference



3. Horizondal flow in relation to dimensions

(harbour layout)







Hydrodynamic exchange

- 4. additional exchange due to wind driven currents
- 5. other non tidal water level changes (important in absence of previous exchange mechanisms)









MAMPEC degradation processes

- Degradation
 - Water
 - Sediment
- Abiotic
 - hydrolysis
 - photolysis (2 options)
 - Speciation (e.g. copper)
- Biotic
 - Biodegradation (aerobic+anaerobic)









Emissions

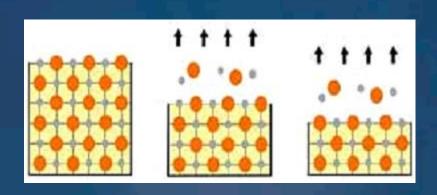
- number of boats
- size, wet surface area of boats
- residence time

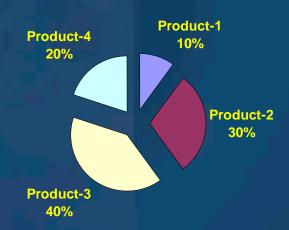






- leaching rate (paint matrix, Temp, velocity,..)
- application factor (market share)









Compatability with Windows Vista / 7

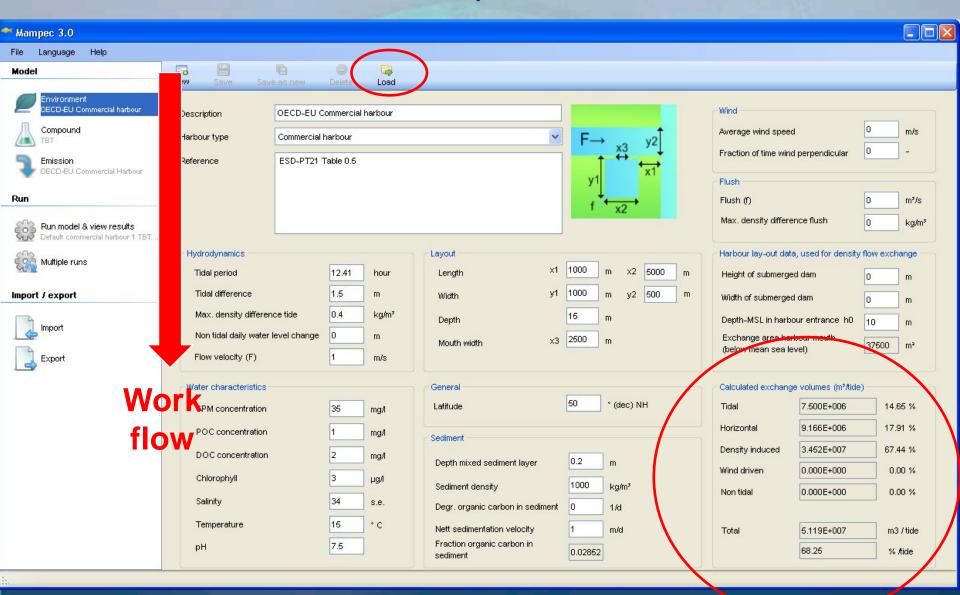


- New emission scenarios for new-build and docking activities - full assessment according to ESD
- Multi-lingual support (Japanese in v2.5, Chinese)
- Analysis of fate and most important fluxes
- Plot of PEC-profile downstream harbour
- Copper speciation according to WHAM and BLM
- In response to comments: extension of sediment module (org-C handling and degradation; concentration basis already in v2.5)

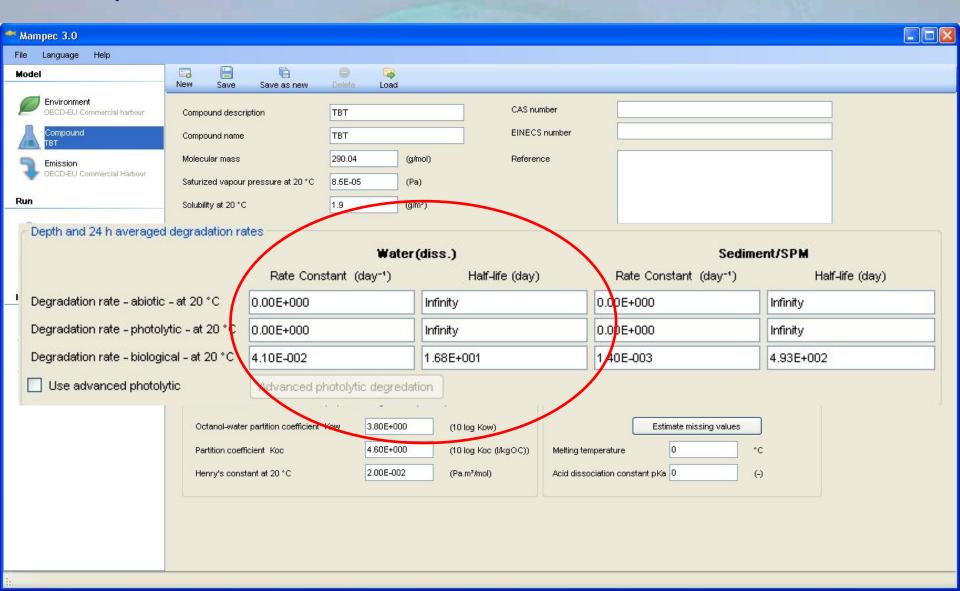




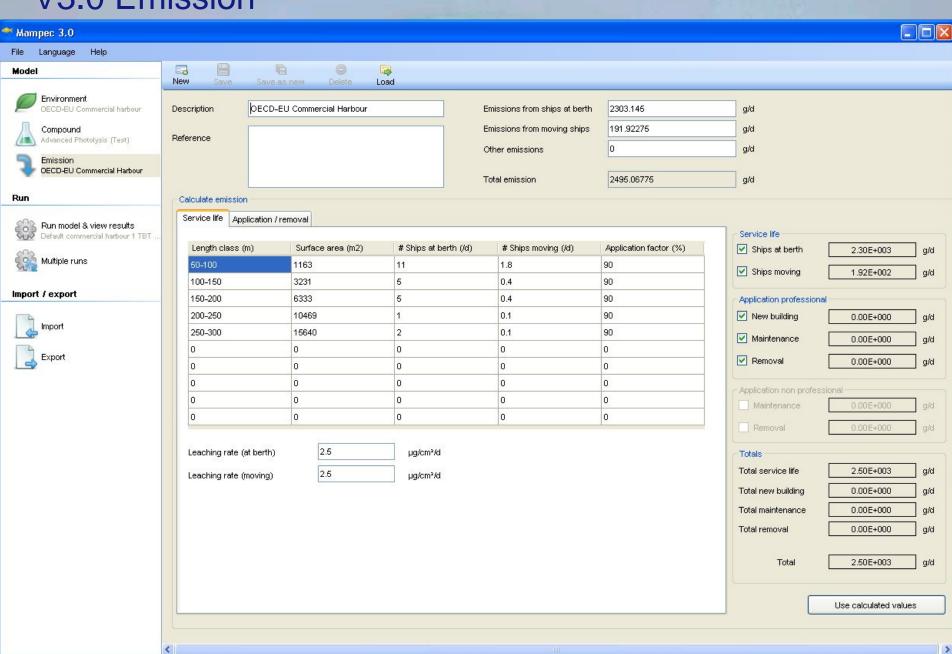
Environment in v3.0 - Example: OECD Comm. Harbour



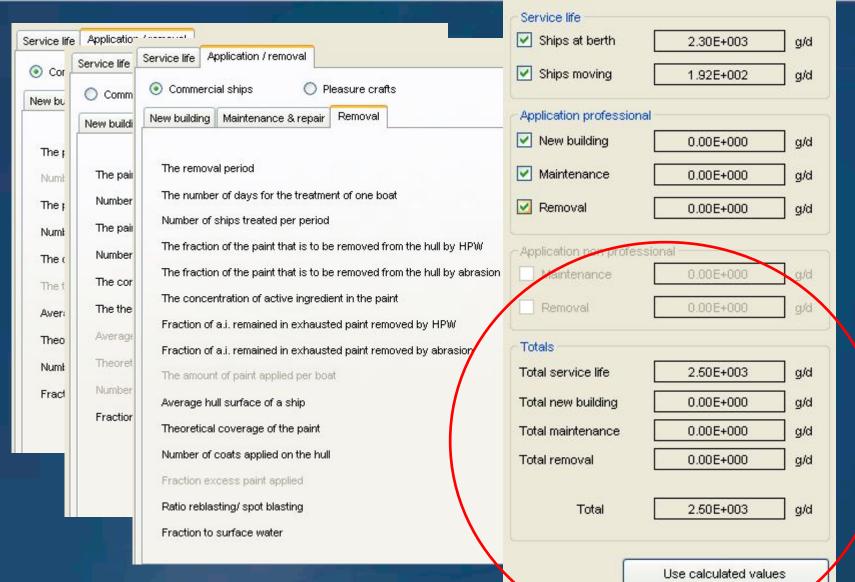
Compounds in v3.0



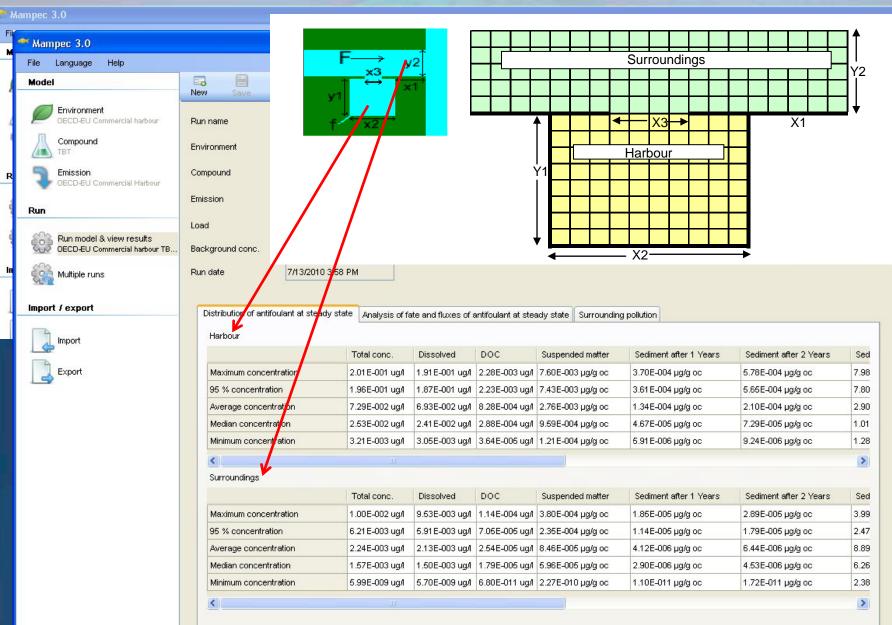
V3.0 Emission



Emission – non service life



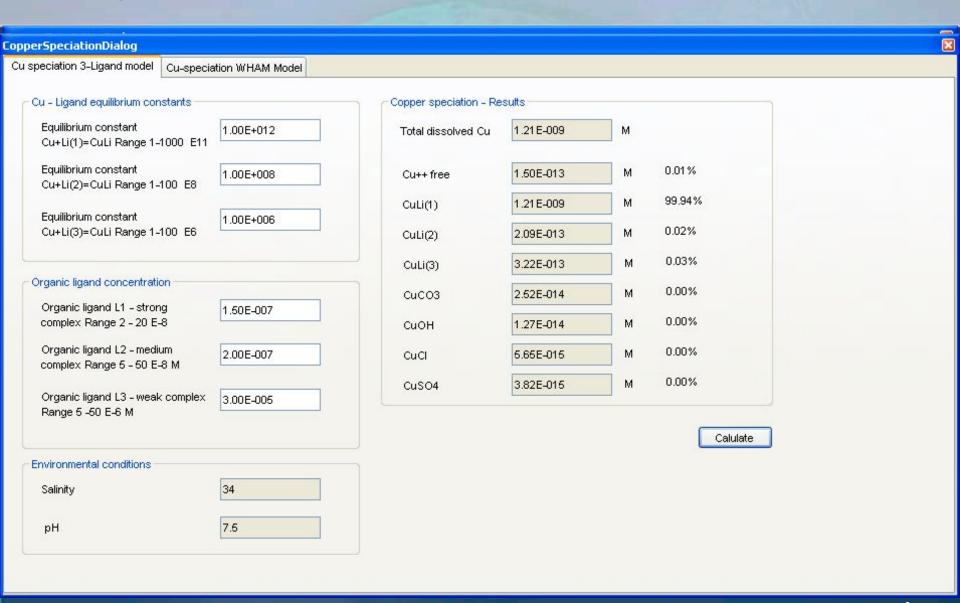
V3.0 View results



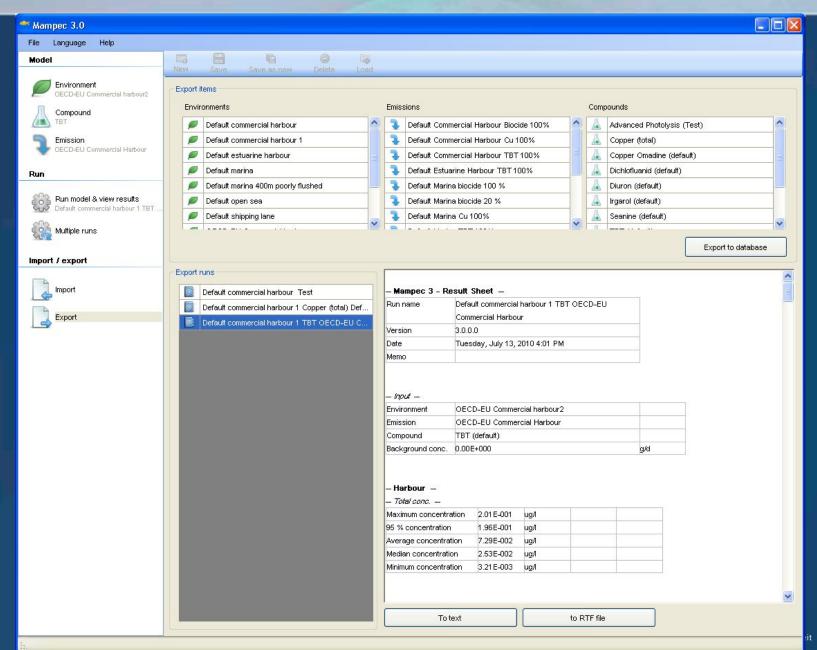


odel

Cu Speciation: WHAM / BLM, 3L-Model



V3.0 Export settings and results



New Developments

- Currently the US Copper Task Force are developing a freshwater inland marina scenario for the US
- Looking to conduct copper monitoring data during this summer along with usage surveys to determine how antifouling paints are used in freshwater
- Will include existing monitoring data in the US and GIS data for water quality characteristics and water exchange data





Concluding remarks

- MAMPEC result of proactive role of industry in risk assessment of antifoulants.
- Model is constantly being adapted to need of users (applicants, authorities, water managers, students), software developments, and state of the art in ERA.
- Recognized by regulatory authorities in EU, Switzerland, USA, Australia, Japan, China, and other OECD countries
- Version 3.0 meets modern software standards, has a number of useful new extensions, bug fixes, and works much easier and faster
- Multi-run option: useful for sensitivity analysis and risk assessment of mixtures





Thank you for your attention

Websites:

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- <u>delftsoftware. wldelft.nl</u> (official download & support)
- www.antifoulingpaint.com
- www.cepe.org



